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	THE OLD DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/818.689	63/26/2001	Byung-jo Lee	AB-1129 US	9956
Westman, Champlin & Kelly, P.A. 900 Second Avenue South SUITE 1600 - International Centre Minneapolis, MN 55402-3319			SNIDER, THERESA T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1744	16
			DATE MAILED: 04/09/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No. Office Action Summary Examiner Theresa T. Snider Th MAILING DATE of this communication app ars on th cov r sheet with the correspond nce address Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM						
Office Action Summary Examiner Theresa T. Snider Th MAILING DATE of this communication app ars on th cov r sheet with the correspond nce address Period for Reply						
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Period for Reply						
A CHARTENER STATUTORY REPLODED PERLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM						
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>12 December 2002</u> .						
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL . 2b)□ This action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20 and 28</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20 and 28</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11)⊠ The proposed drawing correction filed on 12 December 2002 is: a)⊠ approved b)□ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).).					
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 12 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:						

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 1-20 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Exemplary of such:

Claim 1, line 1, the preamble sets forth 'an apparatus employed in a vacuum cleaner' however the claim recites a 'suction assembly' and other elements that would lead one to believe that a vacuum cleaner is being claimed rather than an apparatus to be use din a vacuum cleaner;

Line 21, it is unclear as to what is meant by 'supplies an activated state';

Line 24, should 'generated by' or 'created' or the like be inserted before 'from'?

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 4. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham v. John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 5. Claims 1-2 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Barnes et al. in view of Hughes and Jones et al..

Barnes et al. discloses a similar apparatus however fails to disclose a driving switch and power supply means.

Barnes et al. discloses a suction assembly (fig. 1, #12).

Barnes et al. discloses a dust-collecting chamber (fig. 1, #88,86).

Barnes et al. discloses a driving portion for generating a negative pressure (fig. 3, #82).

Barnes et al. discloses a floor cloth rotatably driven in the suction assembly (fig. 9, #150, col. 5, lines 10-12).

Barnes et al. discloses a rotary member for rotating the floor cloth in a plane substantially parallel to the cleaning surface (fig. 9, #22).

Barnes et al. discloses a rotary driving means (fig. 9, #44).

Hughes discloses the use of a driving switch on a handle to operate a rotary driving means that rotates parallel to a cleaning surface and a driving portion (col. 4, lines 4-6). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that the rotary driving means and driving portion of Barnes et al. would be controlled by a driving switch on it's handle because it

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is well known in the art to locate such switches on the handle, as disclosed in Barnes et al., to allow for easy access by an operator.

Jones et al. discloses an apparatus with a rotary driving member having a switch on the handle with a power supplying means connecting the switch to the driving member (col. 4, lines 11-16 and 29-32). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide the power supply means of Jones et al. in Barnes et al. in view of Hughes because it is known in the art that there would need to be an electrical connection between the switch and the driving member to allow for proper operation thereof.

With respect to claim 2, Jones et al. discloses the power supply means being disposed in a Separate space with a protective cover for housing power terminals (figs. 1-2, #20,22).

With respect to claim 28, Barnes et al. discloses the floor cloth to be arranged to substantially entirely contact the cleaning surface (fig. 1).

Allowable Subject Matter

6. Claims 3-20 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-2 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Otto discloses a vacuum cleaning apparatus with a rotary driving member that rotates parallel to a cleaning surface with a driving switch on the handle.
- 9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Theresa T. Snider whose telephone number is (703) 305-0554. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Wednesday (6:30AM-3:00PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert J. Warden can be reached on (703) 308-2920. The fax phone numbers for the

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organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 879-9310 for regular communications and (703) 305-3599 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

THERESAT. SNIDER

Theresa T. Snider Examiner Art Unit 1744

TTS April 1, 2003